#### Note to the Teacher





#### Please read this before you duplicate the Student Workbook.



This Smart Skies™ FlyBy Math™ Student Workbook contains activities for one Air Traffic Control problem. In particular, the Workbook includes worksheets for 6 different calculation methods your students can use to solve the problem:

---Count feet and seconds

--- Draw and stack blocks

---Plot points on two vertical lines

---Plot points on a grid

- ---Use the distance-rate-time formula
- ---Graph two linear equations

You will most likely want to **assign only 1 or 2 of the calculation methods**. So we recommend that you follow these steps before you duplicate the Workbook.



#### 1. Select and Keep:

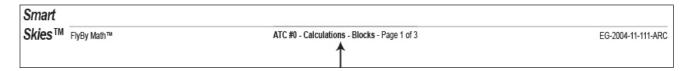
Choose the calculation method(s) you want your students to use.



#### 2. Recycle the Rest:

Remove the calculation worksheets you do not wish to assign.

To find the calculation worksheets, look for the Calculations footers at the page bottoms.





Other activity worksheets follow the Calculation pages. Be sure you remove the Calculation worksheets ONLY.

For more information about the Smart Skies™ workbooks, please see the Smart Skies™ teacher materials available online at

Smart Skies™ http://smartskies.arc.nasa.gov

FlyBy Math™ Workbook Cover Letter EG-2004-11-111-ARC



# FlyBy Math

### Math & Science for Air Traffic Control



#### Problem #5

- · Aircraft are on the same route
- Aircraft are traveling at different speeds
- Aircraft start at different distances along the route
- The trailing aircraft is traveling faster than the leading aircraft

## STUDENT WORKBOOK

Investigator:			
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Smart Skies™

**Skies** TM FlyBy Math™

#### READ THE PROBLEM

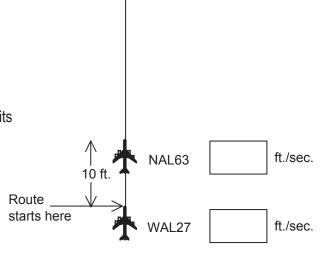




#### Begin Your Challenge: When will two planes, flying on the same jet route, meet?

#### Flight NAL63

- NAL63 is 10 feet (3.0 meters) ahead of the route start.
- The NAL63 speed is ½ foot per second (0.08 meters/second).
- Write the speed of NAL63 in the box next to its picture.
- How far does NAL63 travel in 1 second? feet
  - How far does NAL63 travel in 10 seconds? feet



#### Flight WAL27

- WAL27 is at the start of the route (0 feet).
- The WAL27 speed is  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot per second (0.15 meters/second).
- Write the speed of WAL27 in the box next to its picture.
- How far does WAL27 travel in 1 second? feet
- How far does WAL27 travel in 10 seconds? feet

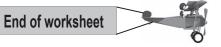
#### To meet your Challenge, you will:

- · Conduct an experiment.
- Do some math calculations.
- · Analyze your results.

#### Then, you will use your results to answer this question:

 How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?





#### **SET UP and DO THE EXPERIMENT**





Begin Your Task: Experiment to see when the trailing plane will catch the leading plane.

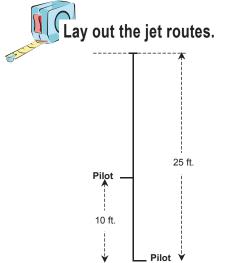
#### Flight NAL63

 $\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{1} \end{pmatrix}$  Begin at the start of the jet route.

Use chalk or masking tape to mark off a line 25 feet long.

- The NAL63 pilot has a 10-foot headstart.
- Measure 10 feet from the route start and make a mark on the **left** side of the route.

  Place a "Pilot" label next to the mark.



#### Flight WAL27

At the jet route start, make a mark on the **right** side of the route.

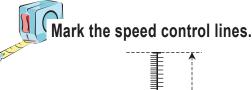
Place a "Pilot" label next to the mark.

#### Flight NAL63

Begin at the 10-foot mark next to the "Pilot" label on the **left** side of the jet route.

Place a mark (or piece of tape) every 1/4 foot (3 inches) along the **left** side of the jet route all the way to the end of the jet route.

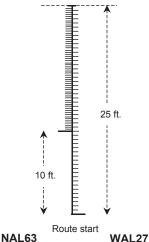
You need to make the mark (or piece of tape) at least 1 foot long.



NAL63

Route start

WAL27



#### Flight WAL27

Begin at the start of the jet route.

Place a mark (or piece of tape) every 1/2 foot (6 inches) along the **right** side of the jet route all the way to the end of the jet route.

You need to make the mark (or piece of tape) at least 1 foot long.

#### Smart

#### **SET UP and DO THE EXPERIMENT**





Record the starting conditions for the experiment.

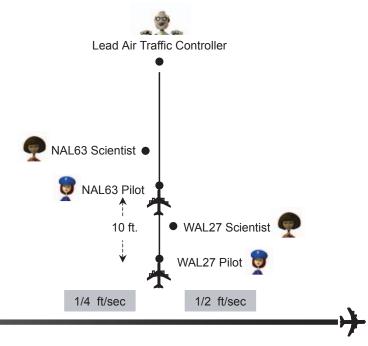
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Fill in this table with the starting conditions:

Flight Number	Speed (ft/sec)	Distance from the start of the jet route (ft)
WAL27		
NAL63		

7

Circle your role on the route diagram on the right.







How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?



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Skies <sup>TM</sup>	١

FlyBy Math™

#### SET UP and DO THE EXPERIMENT





Circle your role and the steps below it.

Then, do the experiment 3 times using the steps for your role.







Take Your Position

"Take your positions."

Go to your position on your side of the jet route.

Go to your position.

**2** Get Ready to Start

Give the command: "Ready."

Practice stepping down your route.

Start the Experiment

Start your stopwatch. Count seconds: "1", "2", ...

Take your first step on "1". On each count, take a step to the next mark.

Wait for WAL27 to catch up to NAL63.

4 Stop the Experiment

When you hear "Halt", stop counting seconds. When you hear "Halt", stop where you are.

When WAL27 catches up, say "Halt". Record the seconds.



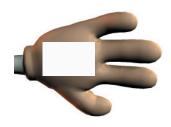
Record the Halt Time measured by the NASA Scientist.





Use the results of your three experiments to choose the best answer to this question:

How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?



Experiment:	1	2	3
Halt Time (seconds)			

**Smart** 

**End of worksheet** 

#### DO THE CALCULATIONS - Count Feet and Seconds



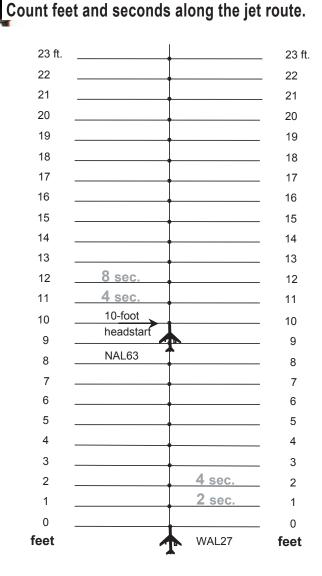


**Your Task:** Calculate when two planes flying on the same route will meet.

#### Flight NAL63

- Starts 10 feet from the point where the route begins (a 10-foot headstart).
- In 1 second, it moves  $\frac{1}{4}$  foot.
- In 4 seconds, it moves 1 foot from 10 feet to 11 feet.
- On the left side of the jet route, find the 11-foot mark and trace "4 sec."
  - In the next 4 seconds (8 seconds total), NAL63 moves another foot from 11 feet to 12 feet.
- On the left side of the jet route, find the 12-foot mark and trace "8 sec."
- Keep going on the left side of the jet route, one foot at a time, until you reach the end of the jet route.

At each foot-mark, write the total number of seconds to reach that mark.



#### Flight WAL27

- Starts where the route begins (at 0 feet).
- In 1 second, it moves  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot.
- In 2 seconds, it moves 1 foot from 0 feet to 1 foot.
- On the right side of the jet route, find the 1-foot mark and trace "2 sec."
  - In the next 2 seconds (4 seconds total), WAL27 moves another foot from 1 foot to 2 feet.
- On the right side of the jet route, find the 2-foot mark and trace "4 sec."
- Keep going on the right side of the jet route, one foot at a time, until you reach the end of the jet route.

At each foot-mark, write the total number of seconds to reach that mark.

#### **Smart**

Investigator:
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#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Count Feet and Seconds**



Answer the questions.	
How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?  That is, after how many seconds will WAL27 and NAL63 be in the same place at the same time?  seconds	
What would you tell the air traffic controller to do to avoid a collision?	







Your Task: Calculate when two planes flying on the same route will meet.



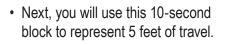
Ise blocks to picture feet and seconds.



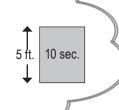
In this table, fill in the distance Flight WAL27 will travel in 10 seconds.

The speed of Flight WAL27 is  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot per second.

Flight WAL27 takes	1 second	2 seconds	10 seconds	
to travel	½ foot	1 foot	feet	



• The block height represents 5 feet, the distance Flight WAL27 travels in 10 seconds.

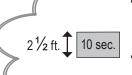




In this table, fill in the distance Flight NAL63 will travel in 10 seconds.

The speed of Flight NAL63 is 1/4 foot per second.

Flight NAL63 takes	1 second	4 seconds	10 seconds	
to travel	½ foot	1 foot	feet	



- · Next, you will use this 10-second block to represent  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet of travel.
- The block height represents 2½ feet, the approximate distance Flight NAL63 travels in 10 seconds.

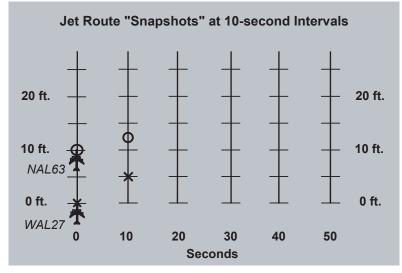


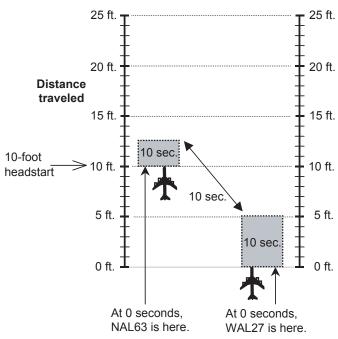


Follow along with this example of how to plot points and stack blocks.

#### Flight NAL63

- Starts 10 feet from the point where the route begins (a 10-foot headstart).
- In 10 seconds, it moves  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet.
- Now it is  $12\frac{1}{2}$  feet along the route.
- Circle the O for NAL63 at the 12 ½ foot point on the "10-second" jet route.
- Trace the 10-second block for NAL63.





#### Flight WAL27

- Starts where the route begins (at 0 feet).
- In 10 seconds, it moves 5 feet.
- Now it is 5 feet along the route.
- Circle the X for WAL27 at the 5-foot point on the "10-second" jet route.
- Trace the 10-second block for WAL27

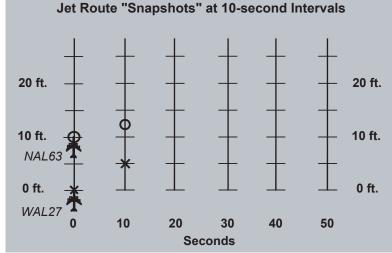


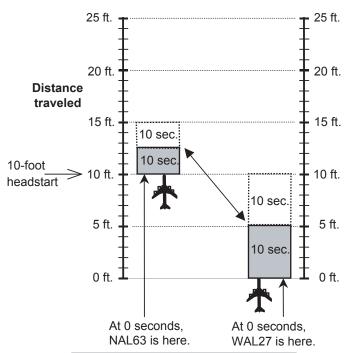


Now it's your turn to draw and connect.

#### Flight NAL63 and Flight WAL27

- On the "20-second" route, draw an oto show the position of NAL63 after 20 seconds.
- Trace the block on the graph below that shows the position of NAL63 after 20 seconds.
- On the "20-second" route, draw an X to show the position of WAL27 after 20 seconds.
- Trace the block on the graph below that shows the position of WAL27 after 20 seconds.
- Connect your blocks with a line marked "20 sec."





Now draw and connect at 30 seconds.

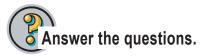
- On the "30-second" route, plot an O and an X to show the position of each plane at 30 seconds.
- On the graph, draw blocks to show the position of each plane at 30 seconds.
- Connect the blocks at 30 seconds.

#### Keep going...

Keep going until WAL27 closes the gap and catches up with NAL63.

Be sure to connect your blocks.





How many seconds did it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?	seconds

(17)	What would you tell the air traffic controller to do to avoid a collision?					



#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Plot Points on Lines**



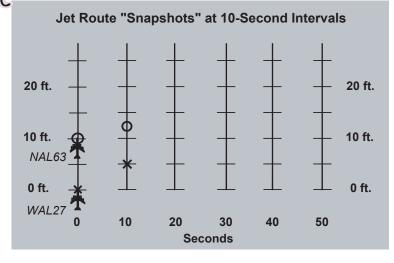


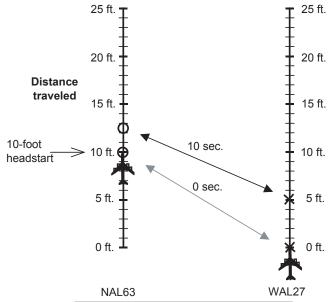
Your Task: Calculate when two planes flying on the same route will meet.

Follow along with this example of how to plot points.

#### Flight NAL63

- Starts 10 feet from the point where the route begins (a 10-foot headstart).
- In 10 seconds, it moves 2½ feet.
- Now it is 12½ feet along the route.
- Circle the **0** for NAL63 at the 12½ foot point on the "10-second" jet route.
- Circle the **0** at the 12½ foot point on the NAL63 line graph.





#### Flight WAL27

- Starts where the route begins (at 0 feet).
- In 10 seconds, it moves 5 feet.
- Now it is 5 feet along the route.
- Circle the **X** for WAL27 at the 5-foot point on the "10-second" jet route.
- Circle the **X** at the 5-foot point on the WAL27 line graph.

#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Plot Points on Lines**

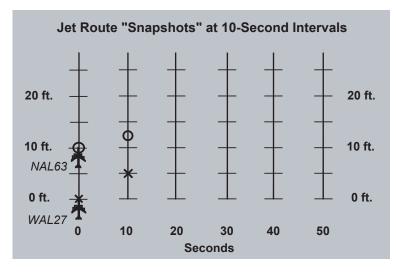


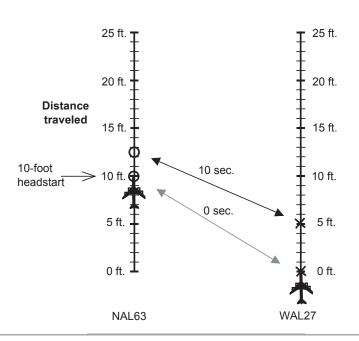


Now it's your turn to draw and connect.

#### Flight NAL63 and Flight WAL27

- On the "20-second" route, draw an **O** to show the position of NAL63 after 20 seconds.
- On the line graph, draw an **O** to show the position of NAL63 after 20 seconds.
- On the "20-second" route, draw an X to show the position of WAL27 after 20 seconds.
- On the line graph, draw an **X** to show the position of WAL27 after 20 seconds.
- On the line graph, connect your **X** and **O** with a line marked "20 sec".





#### Now draw and connect at 30 seconds.

- On the "30-second" route, plot an **O** and an **X** to show the position of each plane.
- On the graph, draw, connect, and label an **X** and an **O** at 30 seconds.

#### Keep going...

Keep going until WAL27 closes the gap and catches up with NAL63.

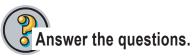
Be sure to connect the **X** and **O** on the graph.





#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Plot Points on Lines**





(13)	How many seconds did it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and ca	tch up with NAL6	3?
			seconds
(14)	What would you tell the air traffic controller to do to avoid a collision?		



#### DO THE CALCULATIONS - Plot Points on a Grid



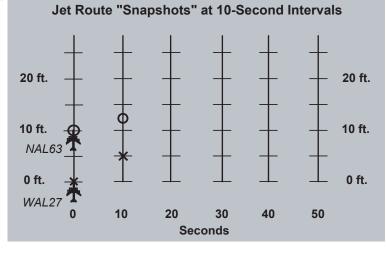


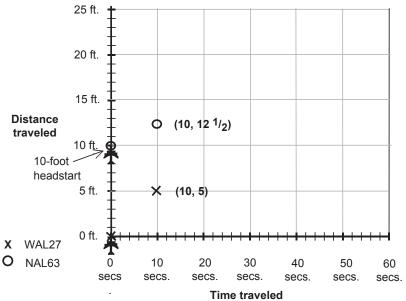
Your Task: Calculate when two planes flying on the same route will meet.

Follow along with this example of how to plot points.

#### Flight NAL63

- Starts 10 feet from the point where the route begins (a 10-foot headstart).
- In 10 seconds, it moves
   2½ feet.
- Now it is 12 ½ feet along the route.
- Circle the **O** for NAL63 at the 12 ½ foot point on the "10-second" jet route.
- Circle the **O** at the point  $(10, 12\frac{1}{2})$  on the grid.





#### Flight WAL27

- Starts where the route begins (at 0 feet).
- In 10 seconds, it moves 5 feet.
- Now it is 5 feet along the route.
- Circle the **X** for WAL27 at the 5-foot point on the "10-second" jet route.
- Circle the **X** at the point (10, 5) on the grid.

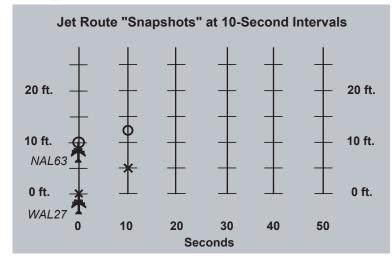
#### DO THE CALCULATIONS - Plot Points on a Grid

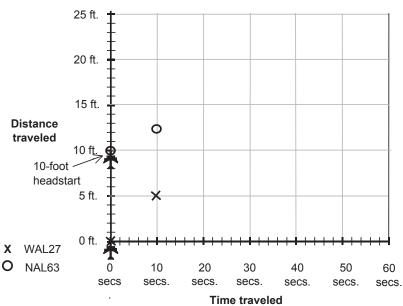




#### Flight NAL63 and Flight WAL27

- On the "20-second" route, draw an **O** to show the position of NAL63 after 20 seconds.
- On the grid, draw an **O** to show the position of NAL63 after 20 seconds.
- On the "20-second" route, draw an X to show the position of WAL27 after 20 seconds.
- On the grid, draw an **X** to show the position of WAL27 after 20 seconds.





#### Now draw and connect at 30 seconds.

- On the "30-second" route, plot an **O** and an **X** to show the position of each plane.
- On the grid, draw an **X** and an **O** at 30 seconds.

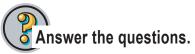
#### Keep going...

Keep going until WAL27 closes the gap and catches up with NAL63.



#### DO THE CALCULATIONS - Plot Points on a Grid





(12)	How many seconds did it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and ca	tch up with NAL6	3?
•			seconds
(13)	What would you tell the air traffic controller to do to avoid a collision?		



#### DO THE CALCULATIONS - Use a Formula





Your Task: Calculate when two planes flying on the same route will meet.



The speed of Flight WAL27 is 0.5 feet per second.

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Use multiplication to fill in this table.

In this many seconds	Flight '	WAL27 travels	this m	any	feet			
1	0.5	feet/second	X	1	second	=	0.5	feet
2	0.5	feet/second	X	2	seconds	=	1.0	foot
3	0.5	feet/second	X	3	seconds	=	1.5	feet
4		feet/second	X		seconds	=		feet
5		feet/second	X		seconds	=		feet

(2)	How could you 14 seconds?	u use multiplication to find the distance Flight WAL27	travels in

- The pattern in the table suggests this rule:
   "To find the distance traveled, multiply the speed by the time traveled."
- In math and science, we often say "rate" instead of "speed."
- So we can write the rule like this:

 $distance = rate \times time$ 

- This relationship is called the Distance-Rate-Time Formula.
- We often write it like this:

Distance-Rate-Time Formula								
	d	=	r	•	t			

Use the formula to answer this question:

How many feet does Flight WAL27 travel in 20 seconds?

• •	, ,,	
		fee

- The speed of Flight NAL63 is  $\frac{1}{4}$  foot per second.
- 4 ) Use the formula to answer this question:

How many feet does Flight NAL63 travel in 20 seconds?

feet

#### DO THE CALCULATIONS - Use a Formula



We can use the formula to find an equation that describes the distance traveled by each plane.

## Use the Formula.

#### Flight NAL63

The NAL63 rate is ¼ foot per second.

NAL63 has a 10-foot headstart. (When you start your stopwatch at t = 0, NAL63 has already traveled 10 feet.)

So...

$$d = \frac{1}{4}t + 10$$

**Distance-Rate-Time Formula** 

 $d = r \cdot t$ 

#### Flight WAL27

The WAL27 rate is ½ foot per second.

So...

$$d = \frac{1}{2}t$$



For each plane, use its equation to fill in the table.

	0 sec.	10 sec.	20 sec.	30 sec.	40 sec.
Distance traveled by Flight NAL63	10 ft.				
Distance traveled by Flight WAL27	0 ft.				

How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?

seconds



What would you tell the air traffic controller to do to avoid a collision?

**End of worksheet** 



#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Graph Linear Equations**





**Your Task:** Calculate when two planes flying on the same route will meet.



Kind an equation that describes the distance traveled by each plane.

#### Flight NAL63

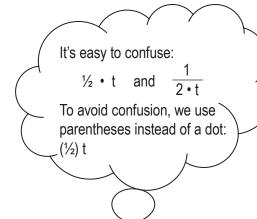
We can use the Distance-Rate-Time formula

$$d = r \cdot t$$

to find d, the distance in feet NAL63 travels in t seconds.

- The NAL63 rate is  $\frac{1}{4}$  foot per second.
- NAL63 has a 10-foot headstart. (When you start your stopwatch at t = 0, NAL63 has already traveled 10 feet.) So...

$$d = (\frac{1}{4}) t + 10$$





#### Flight WAL27

We can use the Distance-Rate-Time formula

$$d = r \cdot t$$

to find d, the distance in feet WAL27 travels in t seconds.

The WAL27 rate is  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot per second. So...

$$d = (\frac{1}{2}) t$$

#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Graph Linear Equations**



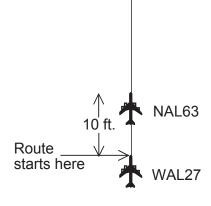


Fill in the table for NAL63.

$$d = (\frac{1}{4})t + 10$$

t seconds	<b>d</b> feet
0	
10	
20	
30	
40	







Fill in the table for WAL27.

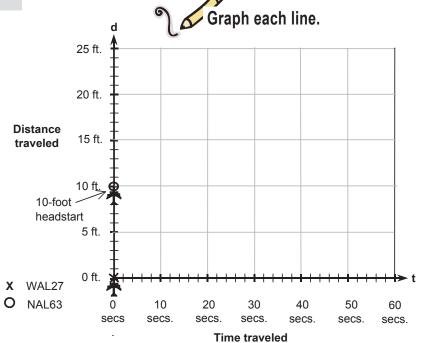
$$d = (\frac{1}{2})t$$

t seconds	<b>d</b> feet
0	
10	
20	
30	
40	



Use an **O** to graph each point in the NAL63 table.

Use a solid line ——to connect the points.





Use an **X** to graph each point in the WAL27 table.

Use a dotted line • • • • • • • • • • to connect the points.



**Skies** TM FlyBy Math™

#### **DO THE CALCULATIONS - Graph Linear Equations**



## Answer the questions.

How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the 10-foot gap and catch up with NAL63?  That is, after how many seconds will WAL27 and NAL63 be in the same place at the same time?  seconds	Write the number that is the slope of the solid line representing NAL63.  Write the number that is the slope of the dotted line representing WAL27.
What would you tell the air traffic controller to do to avoid a collision?	What information does the slope of the line tell you about each plane?



End of worksheet



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#### **ANALYZE YOUR RESULTS**





Your Task: Analyze and explain your results. Then apply what you learned to another problem.

Co	ompare your math results	s with your exp	erimental data.		
Use your experimental data and math results to fill in this table:					
		Experiment	Mathematics		
	Number of seconds for WAL27 to catch up with NAL63				
Do your experimental and your math results match?  YES NO					
If No, why do you think they don't match?					

more		
mart		
TITOLIC		

Which is correct? Why? \_\_\_\_\_

#### **ANALYZE YOUR RESULTS**





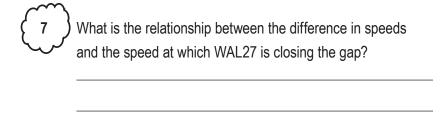
- The WAL27 speed is  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot per second.
- The NAL63 speed is  $\frac{1}{4}$  foot per second.
- What is the difference in speed between WAL27 and NAL63? That is, how many feet per second faster is the speed of the trailing plane than the speed of the leading plane?

feet per second

How fast is WAL27 closing the gap between the planes?
That is, the distance between the planes changes how many feet each second?

feet per second

The difference in speeds is called relative speed.



- Suppose the speed of WAL27 were  $\frac{3}{4}$  foot per second.
- With this new faster speed, at how many feet per second would WAL27 close the gap?

feet per second

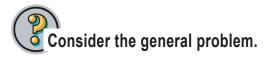
With the new faster speed, how many seconds will it take to close the gap?

seconds



#### **ANALYZE YOUR RESULTS**





Two planes are flying at different speeds on the same route. The planes start at the same distance from the beginning of the route.

(10)	Do you have enough information to predict whether the trailing plane will catch up to the leading plane?  Yes No	(12)	What would you expect to happen to the amount of time it would take the trailing plane to catch up to the leading plane?
(11)	If NO, what other information do you need?		Why?
•	Now suppose the trailing plane is traveling faster than the leading plane.	•	Suppose the planes each travel at their original speeds, but the distance between the planes is twice as great.
•	Also, suppose the difference in speeds is twice as great.		What would you expect to happen to the amount of time it would take the trailing plane to catch up to the leading plane?
			Why?

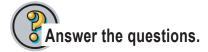




**Your Task:** When will the two planes violate the separation standard?

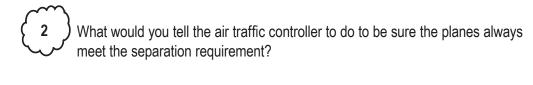


For safety reasons, the planes must always be separated by at least 5 feet along the jet route.



- Use the results of your calculations to answer this question.
- How many seconds will it take WAL27 to close the gap from 10 feet to 5 feet?

seconds





**Smart Skies** TM FlyBy Math™ **End of worksheet** 

